



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

Mr. Woodruff writes for the student just entering upon the study of law who is beset with strange books, strange ideas, strange everything. No attempt is made to lay down any rules of law save by way of illustration. The chapter-heads sufficiently show the aim of the book. They are: "I. The Scope of Law;" "II. How and Where to Find the Law;" "III. The Operation of Law;" "IV. Courts and Procedure." The student will gain much help from this book at a confusing stage of his study.

*The General Digest.* Annotated. New Series. Vol. IV. Law sheep, pages x, 1706, xxxi. Lawyers' Co-operative Publishing Company, Rochester, N. Y., 1898.

"The General Digest" continues to furnish a summary of all recent law exceedingly well classified. The addition of notes on well-selected topics and references to magazine articles has made it of still greater service to the practitioner. The present volume sets in black-faced type the name of the State in which a decision was rendered, making a case in a given State more readily found.

*First Book of Practice.* By Lemuel H. Foster. Collector Publishing Co., 1897. Sheep, pages 448.

There are here set forth the answers to many of those perplexing questions which always confront the young lawyer in the application of rules that he has learned from the text-book. He often is at a loss to know how to use the weapons that may be in his possession, and the book of practice serves well as a connecting link between the instruction of the recitation-room and actual procedure in court. The work covers proceedings in both law and equity, is compact and terse and cannot fail to be of great practical value.